

Anti-EGFR [7A7] Vivopure 10 mg, 10 mg, Ab00134-1.4-VPT View online

## Anti-EGFR [7A7] Vivopure 10 mg Ab00134-1.4-VPT

This antibody was created using our proprietary Fc Silent<sup>™</sup> engineered Fc domain containing key point mutations that abrogate binding to Fc gamma receptors.

**Isotype and Format:** Mouse IgG1, Fc Silent<sup>™</sup>, Kappa

## Clone Number: 7A7

**Alternative Name(s) of Target:** ERBB; ERBB1; HER1; PIG61; mENA; avian erythroblastic leukemia viral (verb-b) oncogene homolog; cell growth inhibiting protein 40; cell proliferation-inducing protein 61; protooncogene c-ErbB-1; receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1; epidermal growth f

UniProt Accession Number of Target Protein: P00533

Published Application(s): in vivo, FC, IF, IHC

Published Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Immunogen: Recombinant extracellular domain of murine EGFR (rECD-mEGFR).

**Specificity:** Recognizes the extracellular domain of EGFR.

Application Notes: The antibody was generated in order to establish a mouse model for in vivo preclinical evaluation of therapies targeting EGFR. The antibody was able to recognize the murine and human EGFR expressed on 3LL or A431 tumor cell lines by flow cytometry. Moreover, the antibody could immunoprecipitate EGFR of 3LL cell lysate, it was used in immunohistochemistry on mouse skin tissue and mammary adenocarcinoma, and it was able to detect EGFR in Western blots (Garrido et al., 2004; PMID: 15312307). The antibody inhibited EGF-induced EGFR signaling in D122 tumor cells by reducing EGFR phosphorylation as well as the phosphorylation of molecules involved in downstream EGFR signaling; the antibody showed strong anti-metastatic activity on D122 tumors, for which the contribution of T cells is essential (Garrido et al., 2007). The crystal structure of the Fab fragment of the antibody was determined. The specificity of the antibody to extracellular EGFR was confirmed by ELISA, while competition ELISA showed the antibody does not compete with Nimotuzumab. The antibody recognized a binding site located on the EGFR extracellular domain that is not accessible in its most stable conformations, but that becomes exposed upon treatment, such as with tyrosine kinase inhibitor (Talavera et al., 2011; PMID: 21592580). Talavera et al. observed the antibody recognition is strictly dependent on the experimental setup, and results can vary significantly, depending on seemingly minor experimental variations. In this regard, He et al. claimed to be unable to reproduce previous results obtained with the antibody. In their experiments the antibody did not detect EGFR expression by immunofluorescence or Western blot. Flow cytometry experiments showed surface expression of EGFR in A431 cells, weak staining in 3T3-L1 cells, and no staining on the surface of HPV38 cells. The antibody failed to detect EGFR on the plasma membrane of

HPV38 tumour sections and in vivo administration of the antibody in an EGFR-expressing HPV38 tumour model did not have any impact on tumour regression or animal survival (He et al., 2018; PMID: 29552307). However, in 2021 Skibbe and coworker successfully used the antibody to treat mice with established colitisdriven CRCs. In particular, the antibody bound to EGFR by ELISA experiments, in vivo experiments showed the antibody significantly lowered the frequency of large tumors in mice and the antibody induced a significant downregulation of PD-L1 in highly glycolytic CRC cells (Skibbe et al., 2021; PMID: 34830971). Absolute antibody wanted to report these discrepancies in the results of different groups, suggesting that optimization of experimental conditions is crucial for the effectiveness of the antibody.

**Antibody First Published in:** Garrido G, Sanchez B, Rodriguez HM, Lorenzano P, Alonso D, Fernandez LE. 7A7 MAb: a new tool for the pre-clinical evaluation of EGFR-based therapies. Hybrid Hybridomics. 2004 Jun;23(3):168-75. PMID:15312307

**Note on publication:** Describes the generation and characterization of an anti-murine EGFR extracellular domain monoclonal antibody (7A7 MAb) (IgG1).

## **Product Form**

**Size:** 10 mg Vivopure products are produced at high purity (>98%), low endotoxin (<0.5 EU/mg) and are formulated without preservatives. As a result Vivopure products are the ideal choice for in vivo research applications.

Purification: Protein A affinity purified

**Supplied In:** PBS only, with >98% antibody purity and <1 EU/mg guaranteed.

**Storage Recommendation:** All vivopure products are formulated in PBS only without addition of preservatives. To ensure optimal storage and prevent microbial contamination, only open and dispense under sterile conditions.

**Concentration:** >=1mg (see vial label for exact conc)

Important note – This product is for research use only. It is not intended for use in therapeutic or diagnostic procedures for humans or animals.